

## Kirchoff's Laws

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructor: \_\_\_\_\_

Teammates

1.- \_\_\_\_\_ 2.- \_\_\_\_\_

3.- \_\_\_\_\_ 4.- \_\_\_\_\_

Instructions: Follow the steps on this worksheet, using your lab manual as a guide, unless directed to do otherwise by your lab instructor. Show at least one sample calculation for each step. Box final mathematical results. Do not forget the units.

### 1 Data

Build a circuit as shown in Figure 1 of your lab manual and set the voltage of the power supply to 5 V.

#### 1.1 Kirchoff's Loop Law

Measure and record the potential difference across each resistor in the circuit. Organize your data in a table.

#### 1.2 Kirchoff's Node Law

Measure and record the current flowing in and out of  $N_1$  and  $N_2$ . (The DMM must be connected in series to measure current.) You should have a total of 6 current measurements. Organize your data in a table.

## 2 Analysis

### 2.1 Kirchoff's Loop Law

Examine whether or not your data supports Kirchoff's Loop Law.

1. Make a sketch of the loop containing containing  $V_s$ ,  $N_1$ ,  $R_1$ ,  $N_2$ , and  $R_3$  showing all your measurements.
2. Write the algebraic sum of all the voltages around this loop and discuss the result.
3. Repeat the previous analysis for the loop that contains  $N_1$ ,  $R_1$ ,  $N_2$ , and  $R_2$ .

## 2.2 Kirchoff's Node Law

Examine whether or not your data supports Kirchoff's Node Law.

1. Make a sketch of all the currents at node  $N_1$ . For each current indicate if it is entering or leaving the node.
2. Write down the algebraic sum of all the currents for  $N_1$ , and discuss the result.
3. Repeat the previous analysis for node  $N_2$ .

## Voltage Divider

### Data

1. Obtain two resistors with nominal values of 1, and 10 kilo-Ohms. Using the Digital Multimeter (DMM) measure the actual resistance of each resistor and record them.
2. Arrange the resistors as in Figure 2 of the lab manual and set the voltage supply to 10 V. Measure the voltage drop across each resistor and record them.

### Analysis

1. Derive equations one and two of the lab manual.

2. Determine the power dissipated in each resistor.

3. Sketch Figure 2 showing all your measurements and results.